

# OSBORN SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Issued- 6/1/2015

SDS no. BA529/6

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION** 60 Chrome; 15530 **CHEMICAL NAME** Blended abrasive solid

**GENERAL USE** Polish for metal finishing

MANUFACTURER ADDRESS Osborn

3440 Symmes Rd. Hamilton

OH 45015 USA

CONTACT NUMBER 1-513-860-3400
EMERGENCY CONTACT PLANT OPERATIONS
EMERGENCY PHONE 1-513-678-3672

**24 HOUR EMERGENCY** 

TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (24 HOURS) 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

# **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS	CAUTION! May cause eye or skin irritation. Proper protective	
	equipment should be worn. Wash skin after use.	

#### **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

Eye: May cause eye irritation
Skin May cause mild skin irritation

Ingestion Large oral doses may cause irritation

Inhalation Avoid breathing dust when used in a buffing process

Chronic None expected

## **GHS Label requirements**

Pictogram -- None Signal Word--- None Hazard Statement

## **Precautionary Statements**

P261 Avoid breathing dust from buffing operations

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling

P280 Wear portective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection

P302+P352 If on Skin: Wash with soap and water

P305+P351 If in eyes: Wash cautiously with water for 15 minutes.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INGREDIENT INFORMATION

Ingredients	CAS	PEL/ TLV	Weight %
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	10 mg/ M3	65-80%

Petroleum Wax or Oils	Not Hazardous	<3%
Fatty Acid /Glyceride	Not Hazardous	18-30%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
Inhalation	If exposed to excessive levels of dust, remove to fresh air.
	Get medical attention if cough, irritation or other symptoms develop.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water.
	Get medical attention if irritation or rash develop.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
	If abrasive particles are not removed, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm.
	For larger amounts do not induce vomiting,

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point	>350 F
Extinguishing Media	Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical
	when fighting fires involving this material.
Fire fighting Procedure	Remove ignition source and fight fire as if it were a grease fire.
Special Protective Equipment	As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus (pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Hazardous Combustion	If heated to high temperature the product may emit carbon monoxide
Products	and carbon dioxide

but give two 12 ounce glasses of water and obtain medical advice.

# **6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Environmental Precautons** None known

Methods for Clean up Sweep or Scoop up material for reuse or reclaim if possible,

otherwise place in a disposal container for proper disposition.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling** No special handling requirements are known

**Storage** Keep out of sun and away from heat sources, as product may melt.

Observe all safeguards for container residue until cleaned or destroyed.

Do not flush to sewers or waterways unless authorized to do so

by appropriate government official.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limit Values	10 mg/ m3 as dust
Engineering Measures	Ventilation to keep dust level at exposure limits

Hygiene Measures

Respiratory Protection
Hand Protection
Wear gloves
Eye Protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles
Skin Protection
Wash with soap and water before eating or after shift

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Solid	Solubility in Water	None
Color	White	Flash Point	>350F
<b>Boiling Point</b>	N/A	Vapor Density	N/A
Melting Point	135 F	<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	N/A
Specific Gravity	> 1.3	Odor	Mild;
рН	N/A	voc	None
Autoignition Temperature	N/A		

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability	Product is stable	
Conditions to Avoid	Material can ignite if exposed to a continuous flame	or heat source
Incompatible Materials	None known	
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	If product is involved in a fire, carbon monoxide cou	d be emitted
Hazardous Polymerization	Will Not occur	

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eyes	May cause irritation from abrasion.
Skin Contact	May cause irritation
Skin Absorption	Not likely
Inhalation	Dust form buffing operation may cause irritation
Swallowing	No adverse effect is expected

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecological Information** No data available

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikey

**Comments** 

This product is not believed to be toxic to aquatic life.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General** If discarded, the material in its original unused form is not a RCRA hazardous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with State and Local regulations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste. Be sure to check if compound (after used)

has come in contact with a hazardous substance before disposal

**Packaging** Dispose in clean receptical or box.

# 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**DOT** Not regulated

Classification

Not regulated

ICAO Classification Not regulated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **UNITED STATES**

**IMDG Classification** 

Sara Title III

313 Reportable Ingredients None 302/304 Emergency Planning Emergency Plan

## **CERCLA (Comprehensive Response, Compensation and Liability Act)**

**CERCLA RQ** None

**EPA HAZARD CATEGORIES** 

SARA 311/312 - None

**TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)** 

TSCA Status - All ingredients are on the TSCA list

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Number BA529-4
Supersedes Date 1/1/2014
HMIS Rating 1-1-0-0

Manufacturer Disclaimer Metal Dusts from the buffing of brass, zinc and especially magnesium or aluminum

along with buffing cloth fibers and compound residues may cause fires or explosions when exposed to a strong ignition source. These fires typically are started in the vent pipes, collector bags or receptacles used in waste gathering from the buffing ventilation system. Make sure that the collectors are changed frequently and the waste kept in a cool, dry environment that is free from sparks or other strong ignition sources. The collection devices should be grounded to minimize static charges. Dust collection receptacles should be designed by engineers who are familiar with the potential hazard of a flammable or explosive dust. If such a fire occurs, fight the fire with a Class D fire extinguisher. Do not use water or a halogenated extinguishing media.